

THE DAILY TELEGRAM

The Leading Paper in Central West Virginia.
Published Every Evening except Sunday by the
CLARKSBURG TELEGRAM COMPANY,
CLARKSBURG, W. VA.

MEMBER OF ASSOCIATED PRESS.

Entered at the Postoffice at Clarksburg, W. Va., as Second-Class Mail Matter.

TELEPHONE: Home Phone 157 Ring 2

Editorial Rooms.....157 Ring 2

Business Office.....157 Ring 2

Editorial Rooms.....233 Ring 2

Business Office.....233 Ring 2

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Subscription Rates:

By carrier.....per week 10c

Daily by mail.....per year \$4.00

Weekly by mail.....per year \$1.00

Weekly by mail.....per year \$1.00

per year in advance.....\$1.00



TUESDAY, NOV. 10, 1908.

The National Health Movement.

A national movement is under way at present having for its object the establishment of a federal bureau of public health at the national capital. Among the chief advocates and promoters of the movement is the American Medical Association, which, through its members and affiliated medical societies throughout the country, is lending all possible aid and encouragement to the enterprise. The work in the connection has even engaged the attention of local people, and the Harrison County Medical Society has taken an active part in the movement and is doing what it can to help it along. The medical societies have not been alone in the work, however, as both of the leading political parties have pledged themselves in favor of such legislation as may be needed to establish the department.

It has been announced that President Roosevelt in his next message to the Congress will transmit, with his approval, plans for the organization of all existing national health agencies into a single federal department. It does not appear that those who are ever jealous and watchful of the rights of the individual states in regulating their internal affairs can find serious objection to this general scheme as it does not seem to involve any encroachment of state rights or to place the states under any unjust obligations. A department of the public health would enable the federal government to carry out the work of national sanitation and other matters pertaining to the public health and the general welfare more thoroughly and more effectively. Such a department would also provide the means for a systematic co-operation between the national government and the states in the general work of sanitation and prevention of disease. Especially valuable would such systematic co-operation be where such work embraced conditions and territory extending through two or more states. State work need not be interrupted, superseded nor interfered with.

That the movement is commendable may be adjudged in part by the urgent necessity in various localities for the work that it is proposed to embrace. According to statistics, more than 28,000 people die of typhoid fever alone in the United States each year. Besides, nearly one fifth of a million people are annually stricken with this same disease and recover after illnesses of several weeks' duration and are able to return to work only after due periods of convalescence. The prevention of only a part of these cases would afford a saving of millions of dollars, computing the value of the working time lost by the sufferers, if only the pecuniary side be considered although that is the least consideration when human suffering and loss of life are concerned.

Not only typhoid fever, but tuberculosis and other preventable diseases that ravage our people can be fought with more effectiveness by any organized, scientific campaign directed by the federal government and aided by the state governments.

The general movement would also stimulate interest on the part of the states in a better and larger scope of public health work. The great work already accomplished by the federal government in stamping out yellow fever in southern cities may serve as a striking example of what organized effort can accomplish in promoting the general welfare of the people.

Tonic Effect On Business.
"Mr. Taft's election is a tonic to the country," declared Governor Hughes in a post-election speech to the Young Men's Republican Club of Albany. That briefly and aptly describes the effect, says the Baltimore American, which has been quickly produced upon the general business situation by the election result. There has been a general and complete toning up of the organized and

correlated members of the country's commercial and industrial system. The railroads are getting busy simply because the mills and the mines are getting busy, and the mills and mines are resuming healthy activity because confidence has been restored because Taft has been elected.

A trade journal—American Industries—which is the organ of the National Association of Manufacturers, has collected from 3,000 members of the association specific statements concerning how many additional men will probably be set to work in the near future as a consequence of Taft's election. Many of the replies to mailed inquiries are to be published in the number of the journal issued this week. It is indicated from the answers that an average of 135 men will be added to the industries comprising membership of the association. The editor of the publication declares that "The percentages show that at least one-half of the 3,000 members of the National Association of Manufacturers expect to add to their present force more than 200,000 workmen."

Taking the 3,000 membership of the association as a basis to figure upon, it is assumed that the 13,000 manufacturing concerns which, according to the census of 1900, employed an average of 100 men or over, will add at least 50 per cent to their pre-election force, making a total in round figures of 650,000 men. The smaller industries will probably make increase in their working force in equivalent proportion. Including the manufacturing enterprises of the entire country, great and small, in the reckoning, it is deduced that with the continuance of business confidence more than 1,000,000 of workmen will be added to the force that was engaged in the country's manufacturing industries a week before election. And it is predicted that this great army will be engaged before the first of the year 1909.

An official of one of the big railroad systems has been recently quoted as saying that the railroads of the United States will spend within a comparatively short period, \$250,000,000 for rails and new equipment. So great a sum will not be used simply for keeping up repairs; what is implied is that activities in new construction are soon to be resumed. Immense orders were placed during the past week by several trunk line roads for steel rails. Among these orders is included that which the Atlantic Coast Line has placed with the Maryland Steel Company for 20,000 tons. The furnaces at Sparrows Point will be in full blast in a few days, and there is prospect for work up to the full capacity of the plant for an indefinitely long period. The election of Mr. Taft has had a tonic effect upon all kinds of industrial enterprise. It is practically assured that there will be four years of business activity and of consequent general prosperity.

Hon. Louis Bennett, late Democratic candidate for governor of West Virginia, says the next administration in this state is to be better than some that have gone. Mr. Bennett has doubtless learned by this time that the Republican party is one of progress and is strongly and manfully marching onward in the path of right. Some of our Democratic exchanges would appear better before the public, if they would but take a cue from Mr. Bennett and admit as much as he does.

It does not always pay some persons to be too handy with the hammer, as a few recent examples have shown. There was a time in our local history when some were knocking and criticising with all their might and main a certain kind of political work, yet when they had the opportunity of doing the work themselves they proved to be miserable failures. The mote in the eye may sometimes become unduly conspicuous.

The sarcastic predictions of Editor Horner of the Parkersburg Sentinel, are coming true. The national department of agriculture estimates the total production of corn at 2,643,687,000 bushels. Last year the secretary of agriculture reported a total yield of 2,553,732,000 bushels.

There has been but one thing to reduce the majority of the Republicans in Harrison county. It is summed up in two words treachery and incompetency of those who played to the galleries that they were real Republican leaders and at the same time worked with the Democrats.

The Pittsburg Gazette-Times seriously announces that turkey is again menaced. The gobler probably feels in his bones, or feathers, that Thanksgiving is near at hand.

AGED MAN DEAD.

The funeral and burial of Amos Maxwell of Bristol, took place Tuesday afternoon. He died Monday at noon after a brief illness. His age was 88 years and his fatal illness was the result of advanced years. His wife died about a year ago. He is survived by several children.

ESPERANTO HAS NO RIVALS NOW

An Interesting Account of What It Is and of Its History.

Esperanto is an artificial language devised by Louis L. Zamenhof, a Jewish oculist of Warsaw, Poland. Its aim, as set forth in the inventor's preface to his first book, is to be a second language to be learned alongside the mother tongue, for use among peoples of differing speech.

Appearing in the year 1887, it met with little success for ten years. Then under the patronage of Marquis Louis de Beaufront, it took serious hold on France, spreading thence to every nation of the globe. There are today in the world at least 1,000,000 Esperantists, of whom 30,000 have registered in Dr. Zamenhof's Address Book. There are 1,000 organized societies officially registered. Sixty journals in or about the language are published in every corner of the earth, including Peru, Roumania, Brazil, Algiers, Madagascar, Japan, Bohemia and Chili, and on such subjects as science, medicine, religion, socialism, pacifism, humor, commerce, literature, Christian Endeavor, and teaching. More than 2,000 books have appeared in the language, with translations from Shakespeare, Goethe, Schiller, Moliere, the Bible, and scientific works, besides not a few important original productions. The international language is officially recognized by the London Chamber of Commerce, the French Touring Club, College de France, the International Peace Congress, the United Societies of Christian Endeavor, and the Independent Order of Good Templars. Four international Esperanto congresses have been held to date, successively in France, Switzerland, England and Germany. Each of these gatherings lasts a week and all business (including propaganda of the language, questions of international interest, and sectional meetings for the furtherance of every branch of human activity)—is conducted in Esperanto. At the last congress, held in Dresden, Germany, 1800 delegates represented 35 countries of the world. The United States Government was officially represented by Surgeon-Major "B. F. Straub, of Washington. One of the many interesting features of this congress was a play rendered in Esperanto, its eleven characters being represented by persons of eleven different nations, the principal role being played by a New York actress. The next World Congress of Esperanto will be held next August at Chautauque, N. Y., under the auspices of the Chautauque Institution, whose curriculum now includes the international language.

The permanence of Esperanto is assured by the following considerations:

I. An international language is needed. To discuss this point would be to insult the intelligence of the reader.

II. An international language is possible. Its possibility and advantage have been demonstrated by the congresses referred to above.

III. Common sense guarantees, and history demonstrates, that that which is both needed and possible will some day be completely established.

IV. No national language fills the bill. English spoken by only 150,000,000 against a world population of a billion and a half is not universal. Every other national tongue is less so. International rivalry absolutely precludes the consideration of any natural tongue for the international role. The only practical solution of the problem lies in the adoption of an artificial language, which offends no one and has certain advantages of its own. These advantages are (1) ease of acquisition (Esperanto may be learned in three months), (2) a more scientific medium—for being international in character it answers better to international needs, than a national tongue that is designed to serve a single race.

V. Esperanto can have no artificial rivals. It has none at present, though there have been no less than 290 attempts in the last 300 years to introduce an international auxiliary language. Now that Esperanto has thoroughly entrenched itself in practice, the very idea of intranational language declares that there shall be but one such, and that further changes shall be introduced gradually into the particular language that has captured the field.

These principles being bed-rock, we can readily see that Esperanto is simply an historical institution, just as the alphabet or printing. Any information concerning the international language will be cheerfully furnished (on receipt of postage) by the West Virginia Esperanto Association, Secretary, Herbert M. Scott, 1312 Purdy Ave, Moundsville, W. Va.

NEW FAIR OFFICERS.

MORGANTOWN, Nov. 10.—The Monongalia Fair Association's stockholders met last night and elected Harry Warfield president and W. W. Keener secretary. Contracts for the construction of the new plant on the Evans farm were let to Zevely, and the price of the construction was not given out.

WEATHER FORECAST

Showers or snow flurries tonight and Wednesday; cooler.

The Watts-Lambers

CLARKSBURG'S LEADING STORE
210-215-220 Main Street

Where Can You Find Finer Suits for \$16.50, \$18.50, \$25.00



We cannot tell you! A number of ladies who went from here to "shop around" on Saturday returned to praise Watts-Lambers Suits in the most unqualified terms.

We know they are right. But it pleases us to have you know it also.

To the woman who desires a Suit with a real air of elegance, we suggest any one of a dozen or more good models at \$16.50, \$18.50 and \$25.00. Styles are right. Styles that are the newest. Suits that have been made to our order, made of carefully selected materials and according to our instructions, many of which are exact models of \$40.00 and \$50.00 Suits. You will find more style, quality, excellent materials and tailoring in these Suits, than you ever dreamed could be found in Suits at these small prices.



What an Underwear Event it Was and Is

Not all the people in Clarksburg were in the Watts-Lambers Underwear Dept. Saturday and Saturday night, but it seemed as if they were, and if you have not been in for your share of underwear values, don't delay, come at once. With the exception of the Ladies' Union Suits sold at 35c which are entirely gone, you will find the same exceptional advantages here this week, in Underwear for Ladies, Misses Boys, Children and Infants. We mention one item of the many special ones on sale.

50c Vests and Pants 29c

Ladies silk trimmed garments, silk taped, beautiful quality, fine ribbed. These garments were bought direct from the mill; some of them have slight oil spots or defects in finishing—that does not impair the wearing quality of the garment. All sizes, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9. Take advantage of this sale; supply your wants now at 29c a garment.

15c Bates's Dress Gingham 10c

More than fifty new styles to select from, stripes, checks and plaids in all colors and sizes; also plain colors. It is not necessary to try to tell you what Bates' Seersucker Dress Gingham are, every one knows the yare the best. Sale price 10c yard.

Great Blankets at \$2.98 Pair

Strictly all wool 11-4 double blankets that are well worth a \$5.00 bill—black and gray, and red and black plaids; weight 5 lbs. Only about 25 pairs left. We would suggest that you come at once if interested.

Watts-Lambers's Millinery is the Vogue

This department is at all times rich in selection of hats for any occasion, and our designers are at your call for any need. Trimmed Fur Hats and Trimmed Beaver Hats. See our elegant assortment of new Veilings. Best styles, best quality, lowest prices.

LETTER LIST

In the Local Post Office is Advertised by the Postmaster.

A list of unclaimed letters in the Clarksburg postoffice advertised Nov. 9, 1908, is as follows:
Will Anderson, Miss L. D. Allen, G. L. Anderson, Harry F. Allen, Henry Allostock, A. G. Akers, Wm. Baker, J. J. Brennan, Joe Blenkenship, Mrs. Wilbarn Brown, Miss Wretlia Brown, Miss Orpha Burdine, Miss Louis Bloomer, J. E. Baines, Bub Carter, Mrs. Bessie Carpenter, J. H. Compton, J. H. Compton, Oley Coberley, T. C. Clark, C. W. Edgell, Jim Finn, Miss Jennie Farrell, Joe Foster, Roscoe Fox, S. Griffin, Mrs. R. A. Gooden, James Gay, Miss Annie Griffith, Mrs. Elizabeth Ganz, Mrs. Stanley B. Hickman, Chas. F. Hornor, J. Frank Hoodard, James Haskins, L. Jarvis, H. R. Jackson, Geo. N. Jesse, G. C. Jones, G. C. Jones, Mrs. Mollie Kessler, M. Lewis, Sam Mayer, F. C. Merriam, Miss Firda Marda, Geo. W. Mitchell, J. W. Martin, John T. Morris, Miss Mary Mayne, Miss Katie Nkan, Louis Fucator, Allen W. Payne, Mrs. W. B. Ritchie, Ray Randolph, Mrs. J. C. Riddle, Miss Gallico

Ross, Miss Emma Robinson, C. S. Rowan, R. H. Rowan, Charles Shewalter, Frank Shreves, Elmos Sayre, Geo. W. Sanborn, Mrs. Lewis Sheek, Barben Salvatore, Mrs. B. S. Titus, United States Refining Co., Link Watson, J. P. Woods, Harry Williams, Mrs. C. L. Wells, Clarence Williams, Miss Cora Wheeler, Mrs. Daisy Wolf, Warner & Cookman, S. C. DENHAM, P.M.

DEEDS RECORDED.

Thomas F. Lambert to George W. Schrader, one acre, Middle Run, Sardis district.
Asher S. Childer to Kirby V. Davis, one lot, Salem, Tennessee district.
Thompson H. Williams to Howard L. Cunningham, one-half interest in lot, city, Clark district.
Leonard Riley to J. Glen Parish, one lot, Shinnston, Clay district.
Shinnston Land & Imp. Co. to Chas. A. Hornor, 7 lots, Shinnston, Clay district.
Joshua J. Martin to Cecil C. Golden, one lot, Bridgeport.
F. I. Day to Minnie F. Day, one lot, Clay district.

CHURCH DEDICATION.

The Rev. G. H. Snyder, pastor of the Methodist Protestant church at Mt. Clare, announces that the new church building there will be dedicated Sunday, Nov. 22, and he extends a cordial invitation to every one to attend the services.

ARE RELEASING ORDERS.

Since the election railroads of the country have released orders for rails and equipment amounting to something over \$200,000,000 and according to the prediction of W. C. Brown, vice president of the New York Central lines many more will be released within a short time. Orders amounting to \$31,000,000 have been released alone by the New York Central lines.

SWEET MELODY FLOUR.

SCORE PRIZES OFFERED.

The box ball alleys on Fourth street have offered as a prize to the lady making the highest score, a fine cur glass 50c, and to the gentleman making the highest score \$2.00, second best \$1.00.

Regulates the bowels, promotes easy natural movements, cures constipation—Doan's Regulator. Ask your druggist for them. 25c a box.

Special Line of Beautiful GOLD AND PEARL HANDLE Umbrellas

Be Sure to see these Exceptional Values

Open Evenings Until 9 P. M.

H. H. DAVIS
JEWELER

13 Fourth St. CLARKSBURG, W. VA.

4 Per Cent Interest Compounded Semi-Annually
Paid on all Deposits. We Give Advantages to our Depositors Not to be Obtained Elsewhere
The Lowndes Savings Bank & Trust Co.